By: Bettencourt, et al.

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SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION

2 proposing a constitutional amendment to increase the amount of the 3 exemption of residence homesteads from ad valorem taxation by a 4 school district.

5 BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

6 SECTION 1. Section 1-b(c), Article VIII, Texas
7 Constitution, is amended to read as follows:

8 The amount of \$140,000 [\$100,000] of the market value of (c) the residence homestead of a married or unmarried adult, including 9 one living alone, is exempt from ad valorem taxation for general 10 11 elementary and secondary public school purposes. The legislature by general law may provide that all or part of the exemption does 12 not apply to a district or political subdivision that imposes ad 13 valorem taxes for public education purposes but is not the 14 principal school district providing general elementary 15 and secondary public education throughout its territory. In addition 16 17 to this exemption, the legislature by general law may exempt an amount not to exceed \$10,000 of the market value of the residence 18 homestead of a person who is disabled as defined in Subsection (b) 19 20 of this section and of a person 65 years of age or older from ad valorem taxation for general elementary and secondary public school 21 22 purposes. The legislature by general law may base the amount of and condition eligibility for the additional exemption authorized by 23 24 this subsection for disabled persons and for persons 65 years of age

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or older on economic need. An eligible disabled person who is 65 1 2 years of age or older may not receive both exemptions from a school district but may choose either. An eligible person is entitled to 3 4 receive both the exemption required by this subsection for all residence homesteads and any exemption adopted pursuant 5 to Subsection (b) of this section, but the legislature shall provide 6 7 by general law whether an eligible disabled or elderly person may receive both the additional exemption for the elderly and disabled 8 9 authorized by this subsection and any exemption for the elderly or disabled adopted pursuant to Subsection (b) of this section. Where 10 11 ad valorem tax has previously been pledged for the payment of debt, the taxing officers of a school district may continue to levy and 12 13 collect the tax against the value of homesteads exempted under this subsection until the debt is discharged if the cessation of the levy 14 15 would impair the obligation of the contract by which the debt was 16 created. The legislature shall provide for formulas to protect school districts against all or part of the revenue loss incurred by 17 the implementation of this subsection, Subsection (d) of this 18 section, and Section 1-d-1 of this article. The legislature by 19 20 general law may define residence homestead for purposes of this section. 21

22 SECTION 2. The following temporary provision is added to 23 the Texas Constitution:

24TEMPORARY PROVISION. (a) This temporary provision applies25to the constitutional amendment proposed by S.J.R. 2, 89th26Legislature, Regular Session, 2025.

27 (b) The amendment to Section 1-b(c), Article VIII, of this

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1 constitution takes effect for the tax year beginning January 1, 2 2025.

3 (c) This temporary provision expires January 1, 2027.

SECTION 3. This proposed constitutional amendment shall be submitted to the voters at an election to be held November 4, 2025. The ballot shall be printed to permit voting for or against the proposition: "The constitutional amendment to increase the amount of the exemption of residence homesteads from ad valorem taxation by a school district from \$100,000 to \$140,000."