By:Huffman, et al.<br/>(Leach)S.J.R. No. 27Substitute the following for S.J.R. No. 27:ExachC.S.S.J.R. No. 27

## A JOINT RESOLUTION

1 proposing a constitutional amendment regarding the membership of 2 the State Commission on Judicial Conduct, the membership of the 3 tribunal to review the commission's recommendations, and the 4 authority of the commission, the tribunal, and the Texas Supreme 5 Court to more effectively sanction judges and justices for judicial 6 misconduct.

7 BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

8 SECTION 1. Section 1-a, Article V, Texas Constitution, is 9 amended by amending Subdivisions (2), (3), (8), and (9) and adding 10 Subdivisions (2-a) and (2-b) to read as follows:

11 (2) The State Commission on Judicial Conduct consists
12 of <u>the following 13</u> [thirteen (13)] members[, to wit]:

(i) <u>six individuals appointed by the Supreme</u>
Court with the advice and consent of the Senate [<del>one (1) Justice of</del>
<del>a Court of Appeals</del>]; <u>and</u>

(ii) <u>seven</u> [one (1) District Judge; (iii) two (2) members of the State Bar, who have respectively practiced as such for over ten (10) consecutive years next preceding their selection; (iv) five (5)] citizens appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate, who are [7] at least 35 [thirty (30)] years of age.

22 <u>(2-a) A</u> [, not licensed to practice law nor holding any 23 salaried public office or employment; (v) one (1) Justice of the 24 Peace; (vi) one (1) Judge of a Municipal Court; (vii) one (1)

1 Judge of a County Court at Law; and (viii) one (1) Judge of a 2 Constitutional County Court; provided that no] person may not 3 [shall] be appointed to or remain a member of the Commission if the 4 person [, who] does not maintain physical residence within this 5 State [,] or has [who shall have] ceased to retain the 6 qualifications [above] specified in Subsection (2) of this Section 7 for that person's appointment.

8 (2-b) A person appointed under Subsection (2) of this Section who is a judge or justice [respective class of membership, 9 and provided that a Commissioner of class (i), (ii), (iii), (vii), 10 or (viii)] may not be a judge or justice [reside or hold a 11 judgeship] in the same type of court [of appeals district] as 12 another member of the Commission who is a judge or justice. 13 [Commissioners of classes (i), (ii), (vii), and (viii) above shall 14 15 be chosen by the Supreme Court with advice and consent of the Senate, those of class (iii) by the Board of Directors of the State 16 17 Bar under regulations to be prescribed by the Supreme Court with advice and consent of the Senate, those of class (iv) by appointment 18 of the Governor with advice and consent of the Senate, and the 19 commissioners of classes (v) and (vi) by appointment of the Supreme 20 21 Court as provided by law, with the advice and consent of the Senate. 22

(3) The regular term of office of Commissioners shall
be six [(6)] years[; but the initial members of each of classes (i),
(ii) and (iii) shall respectively be chosen for terms of four (4)
and six (6) years, and the initial members of class (iiii) for
respective terms of two (2), four (4) and six (6) years]. Interim

1 vacancies shall be filled in the same manner as vacancies due to 2 expiration of a full term, but only for the unexpired portion of the 3 term in question. Commissioners may succeed themselves in office 4 only if <u>the commissioner has</u> [having] served less than three [(3)] 5 consecutive years.

6 (8) After such investigation as it deems necessary, 7 the Commission may in its discretion issue a private or public 8 admonition, warning, reprimand, or requirement that the person obtain additional training or education, or if the Commission 9 10 determines that the situation merits such action, it may institute formal proceedings and order a formal hearing to be held before it 11 12 concerning a person holding an office or position specified in Subsection (6) of this Section, or it may in its discretion request 13 14 the Supreme Court to appoint an active or retired District Judge or 15 Justice of a Court of Appeals, or retired Judge or Justice of the Court of Criminal Appeals or the Supreme Court, as a Master to hear 16 17 and take evidence in the matter, and to report thereon to the Commission and to the Supreme Court. The Master shall have all the 18 19 power of a District Judge in the enforcement of orders pertaining to witnesses, evidence, and procedure. If, after formal hearing, or 20 after considering the record and report of a Master, the Commission 21 finds the person engaged in wilful or persistent conduct that is 22 clearly inconsistent with the proper performance of a judge's 23 24 duties or other good cause therefor, the Commission: 25 (i) unless issuing an order under Subparagraph

26 <u>(ii) of this subsection, [it] shall issue for the person</u> an order of 27 public admonition, warning, reprimand, censure, or requirement

1 that the person holding an office or position specified in 2 Subsection (6) of this Section obtain additional training or 3 education;

4 (ii) for a person holding an office or position specified in Subsection (6) of this Section who has never been 5 issued an order under this subparagraph and in response to a 6 complaint or report other than a complaint or report alleging the 7 person engaged in conduct constituting a criminal offense, may 8 issue an order of private admonition, warning, reprimand, censure, 9 or requirement that the person obtain additional training or 10 education; [-] or 11

12 <u>(iii) may</u> [it shall] recommend to a review 13 tribunal the removal or retirement[, as the case may be,] of the 14 person and shall [thereupon] file with the tribunal the entire 15 record before the Commission.

16 (9) A tribunal to review the Commission's 17 recommendation for the removal or retirement of a person holding an office or position specified in Subsection (6) of this Section is 18 composed of seven [(7)] Justices [or Judges] of the Courts of 19 Appeals who are selected [by lot] by the Chief Justice of the 20 Supreme Court. [Each Court of Appeals shall designate one of its 21 members for inclusion in the list from which the selection is made.] 22 23 Service on the tribunal shall be considered part of the official 24 duties of a justice [judge], and no additional compensation may be paid for such service. The review tribunal shall review the record 25 of the proceedings on the law and facts and in its discretion may, 26 27 for good cause shown, permit the introduction of additional

1 evidence. Within 90 days after the date on which the record is filed with the review tribunal, it shall order public censure, 2 3 suspension without pay for a specified period, retirement or removal, as it finds just and proper, or wholly reject the 4 recommendation. A Justice, Judge, Master, or Magistrate may appeal 5 a decision of the review tribunal to the Supreme Court under the 6 substantial evidence rule. Upon an order for involuntary 7 8 retirement for disability or an order for removal, the office in question shall become vacant. The review tribunal, in an order for 9 10 involuntary retirement for disability or an order for removal, shall [may] prohibit such person from holding judicial office in 11 12 the future. The rights of a person [an incumbent] so retired to retirement benefits shall be the same as if the person's [his] 13 14 retirement had been voluntary.

15 SECTION 2. Section 1-a(6)(A), Article V, Texas
16 Constitution, is amended to read as follows:

17 (6) A. Any Justice or Judge of the courts established by this Constitution or created by the Legislature as provided in 18 Section 1, Article V, of this Constitution, may, subject to the 19 other provisions hereof, be removed from office for willful or 20 persistent violation of rules promulgated by the Supreme Court of 21 Texas, incompetence in performing the duties of the office, willful 22 violation of the Code of Judicial Conduct, or willful or persistent 23 24 conduct that is clearly inconsistent with the proper performance of the person's [his] duties or casts public discredit upon the 25 26 judiciary or administration of justice. Any person holding such office may be disciplined or censured, in lieu of removal from 27

1 office, as provided by this section. Any person holding an office specified in this subsection may be suspended from office with or 2 3 without pay by the Commission immediately on being indicted by a State or Federal grand jury for a felony offense or charged with a 4 misdemeanor involving official misconduct. On the filing of a 5 sworn complaint charging a person holding such office with willful 6 or persistent violation of rules promulgated by the Supreme Court 7 8 of Texas, incompetence in performing the duties of the office, willful violation of the Code of Judicial Conduct, or willful and 9 10 persistent conduct that is clearly inconsistent with the proper performance of the person's [his] duties or casts public discredit 11 12 on the judiciary or on the administration of justice, the Commission, after giving the person notice and an opportunity to 13 14 appear and be heard before the Commission, may recommend to the 15 Supreme Court the suspension of such person from office with or without pay, pending final disposition of the charge. The Supreme 16 17 Court, after considering [the record of such appearance and] the recommendation of the Commission, may suspend the person from 18 office with or without pay, pending final disposition of the 19 20 charge.

21 SECTION 3. The following temporary provision is added to 22 the Texas Constitution:

23 <u>TEMPORARY PROVISION. (a) This temporary provision applies</u>
24 to the constitutional amendment proposed by the 89th Legislature,
25 <u>Regular Session, 2025, regarding the membership of the State</u>
26 <u>Commission on Judicial Conduct, the membership of the tribunal to</u>
27 <u>review the commission's recommendations, and the authority of the</u>

1	commission, the tribunal, and the Texas Supreme Court to more
2	effectively sanction judges and justices for judicial misconduct.
3	The constitutional amendment takes effect January 1, 2026.
4	(b) Notwithstanding any other law, the terms of the
5	commissioners of the State Commission on Judicial Conduct serving
6	before January 1, 2026, expire December 31, 2025.
7	(c) The Texas Supreme Court, with the advice and consent of
8	the Senate, shall appoint initial commissioners to the State
9	Commission on Judicial Conduct to serve staggered terms beginning
10	January 1, 2026, as follows:
11	(1) two commissioners to serve six-year terms;
12	(2) two commissioners to serve four-year terms; and
13	(3) two commissioners to serve two-year terms.
14	(d) The governor shall appoint initial commissioners to the
15	State Commission on Judicial Conduct to serve staggered terms
16	beginning January 1, 2026, as follows:
17	(1) three commissioners to serve six-year terms;
18	(2) two commissioners to serve four-year terms; and
19	(3) two commissioners to serve two-year terms.
20	(e) This temporary provision expires January 1, 2031.
21	SECTION 4. This proposed constitutional amendment shall be
22	submitted to the voters at an election to be held November 4, 2025.
23	The ballot shall be printed to provide for voting for or against the
24	proposition: "The constitutional amendment regarding the
25	membership of the State Commission on Judicial Conduct, the
26	membership of the tribunal to review the commission's
27	recommendations, and the authority of the commission, the tribunal,

1 and the Texas Supreme Court to more effectively sanction judges and

2 justices for judicial misconduct."